

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION



SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

Athletes who experience *one or more* of the signs and symptoms listed below after a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body may have a concussion.

Signs Observed by Coaching Staff	Symptoms Reported by Athlete	
Appears dazed or stunned	Headache or	
Is confused about assignment or position	"pressure" in head	
assignment of position	Nausea or vomiting	
Forgets an instruction	Balance problems or dizziness	
Is unsure of game,	Of dizzilless	
score, or opponent	Double or	
Moves clumsily	blurry vision	
Answers questions slowly	Sensitivity to light	
Loses consciousness	Sensitivity to noise	
(even briefly)	Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy	
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Shows mood, behavior,	Concentration or	
or personality changes	memory problems	
Can't recall events		
<i>prior</i> to hit or fall	Confusion	
Can't recall events after hit or fall	Just not "feeling right" or is "feeling down"	

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

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For more information and to order additional materials *free-of-charge*, visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.

ACTION PLAN

If you suspect that an athlete has a concussion, you should take the following four steps:

- 1. Remove the athlete from play.
- Ensure that the athlete is evaluated by a health care professional experienced in evaluating for concussion.Do not try to judge the seriousness of the injury yourself.
- Inform the athlete's parents or guardians about the possible concussion and give them the fact sheet on concussion.
- Keep the athlete out of play the day of the injury and until a health care professional, experienced in evaluating for concussion, says the athlete is symptom-free and it's OK to return to play.

IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

Emerger Name: Phone:	cy Medical Services	
Health (Care Professional	
Phone:		
School ! Name: Phone:	staff Available During Practices	
Name: Phone:	staff Available During Practices	